

Non-Native Invasive Plant Species Control Treatments

Timing, Methods and Herbicide Rates

Forestry Topic 31

www.dof.virginia.gov

March 2017

This is a list of management tactics for major invasive plants, not a comprehensive control plan. For recommendations specific to your property, consult a professional forester or land resource manager. Follow all label prohibitions, precautions and safety requirements during herbicide transport, storage, mixing and application.

INVASIVE PLANT		CONTROL TIMING	CONTROL METHOD	HERBICIDE RATES	NOTES
GRASSES	Japanese Stiltgrass	Prior to seed maturity	Manual – hand pull		Remove all roots
		Prior to seed maturity	Mechanical – mow/cut repeatedly		To reduce seed formation
		Early summer	Foliar spray	Glyphosate 0.1%	Several years needed to control seed bank
		Late spring – late summer	Foliar spray	Sethoxydim 1.5% or Glyphosate 0.5%-2%	Several years needed to control seed bank
G	Wavyleaf Grass	Prior to seed maturity	Manual – pull small areas		Follow-up treatment required
		Late spring – fall	Foliar spray	Glyphosate 2%	Several years (as needed)
		April – June	Foliar spray	Sethoxydim or Clethodim 1%	Several years (as needed); inconsistent control
HERBS/FORBS	Garlic Mustard	Late spring – early summer, prior to any seedpods maturing to brown	Manual – hand pull and remove taproot		Do not leave flowering plants on ground, seeds will form; bag/remove flowering plants
BS/		March – June, before seedpods	Mechanical – mow or cut		To reduce seed formation
HER		Late fall – winter is best, but susceptible any time	Foliar spray on evergreen leaves	Glyphosate or Triclopyr 2%	Dormant season timing protects many other species
	Gen. Recommendations for All Vines	All year when soil is moist	Manual – hand pull small vines		Remove as many roots as possible to prevent resprouts
		Any	Manual or mechanical – cut to "treatable" height		Follow-up with foliar herbicide applied to resprouts
ES		June – October, through winter for evergreen species	Foliar spray	Glyphosate 2%-3% or Triclopyr 2%-5%	Several years (as needed)
VINES		June – February	Basal spray	Triclopyr ester 20%-25%	Follow-up usually required
		June – August	Foliar spray	Metsulfuron 2-4 oz./acre	Several years (as needed)
		June – February, late summer – fall ideal	Cut stump	Glyphosate or Triclopyr ester 20%-25%	Follow-up usually required; highly selective and uses minimal herbicide
	Japanese Honeysuckle	Before seed formation	Foliar spray	Glyphosate 2%-3% or Triclopyr 2%-5%	Treat evergreen leaves on warm days in winter

Virginia Department of Forestry Page 1 of 3

Non-Native Invasive Plant Species Control Treatments

Forestry Topic 31 www.dof.virginia.gov March 2017

INVASIVE PLANT		CONTROL TIMING	CONTROL METHOD	HERBICIDE RATES	NOTES	
VINES, continued	Porcelain-berry	June to October, late summer – early fall ideal	Foliar spray	Triclopyr 2%-3%	Manual ineffective due to extensive root system	
	Oriental Bittersweet	All year, late summer – fall ideal	Injection or hack-n-squirt	Triclopyr amine or Glyphosate undiluted	Vines more than 1 inch in diameter	
	Mile-a-Minute	May – October	Manual/mechanical – hand pull, mow or cut repeatedly		Protect skin from thorns	
		May – July	Foliar spray	Glyphosate 1% or Triclopyr 1%-2%	Likely to injure other plants	
	Kudzu	All year	Manually remove all root crowns			
		All year	Mechanical – mow and cover with plastic sheeting		Leave sheeting in place two years	
		July – September	Mechanical – cut or mow to ground		Many, many years needed	
		June – October	Foliar spray	Picloram 3%	*Restricted use pesticide	
		June – October	Foliar spray	Metsulfuron 3-4 oz./acre, Triclopyr 4%, Clopyralid 1.3 pt./acre, Aminopyralid 7 oz./acre	Repeat in successive years	
		June – February	Basal spray	Triclopyr ester 20%	Woody stems	
		June – February	Injection or hack-n-squirt	Imazapyr, Triclopyr amine or Glyphosate undiluted	Vines more than 1 inch in diameter	
	Gen. Recommendations for All Shrubs	When soil is moist	Manual – hand pull small plants		Roots left in ground resprout	
		When fruit is not present	Mechanical – cut or mow		Follow-up treatment required	
		June – February	Foliar spray	Imazapyr or Dicamba 1% or Triclopyr 2%	Several years (as needed)	
JBS		June – February	Cut stump	Imazapyr 5%-10% or Glyphosate 20%	Selective, minimal herbicide	
SHRUBS		June – February	Basal spray	Triclopyr ester 20%		
S	Multiflora Rose	See General Recommendations for all shrubs				
		June – October	Foliar spray	Glyphosate 2%-4% or Triclopyr 1%		
	Autumn Olive	See General Recommendations for All Shrubs				
	Chinese Privet	See General Recommendations for All Shrubs				
	Gen. Recommendations for All Trees	June-February	Injection or hack-n-squirt	Triclopyr or Imazapyr undiluted	Small to large trees	
TREES		July – February	Basal spray	Triclopyr ester 20%-25%	Saplings	
TR	Tree-of-Heaven	See General Recommendations for All Trees			Follow-up usually required	
		Summer – fall	Foliar spray	Triclopyr 2%	Seedlings, saplings, resprouts	

Virginia Department of Forestry

Non-Native Invasive Plant Species Control Treatments

Forestry Topic 31 www.dof.virginia.gov March 2017



Virginia Department of Forestry

900 Natural Resources Drive, Suite 800 Charlottesville, Virginia 22903 Phone: (434) 977-6555

www.dof.virginia.gov

VDOF FT0031; 03/2017

This institution is an equal opportunity provider.